

The $\text{NdT}_{1-x}\text{Ge}_x\text{In}$ ($T = \text{Rh}, \text{Pd}$) systems

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- ✓ The $\text{NdT}_{1-x}\text{Ge}_x\text{In}$ ($T = \text{Rh, Pd}$, $x = 0\div 1$) systems were investigated by X-ray powder diffraction (Fig. 1) and energy dispersive X-ray analysis.
- ✓ Samples were synthesized by arc-melting and subsequent annealing at 870 K for one month.
- ✓ Phase analysis was made by means of X-ray powder diffraction (Enraf-Nonius FR552, STOE Stadi P, $\text{Cu } K\alpha_1$ -radiation) and energy dispersive X-ray analysis (REMMA-102-02 scanning electron microscope).
- ✓ Single crystals were grown using special thermal mode (STOE IPDS II diffractometer, $\text{Mo } K\alpha$ -radiation).



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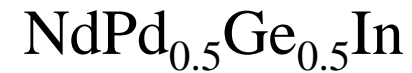
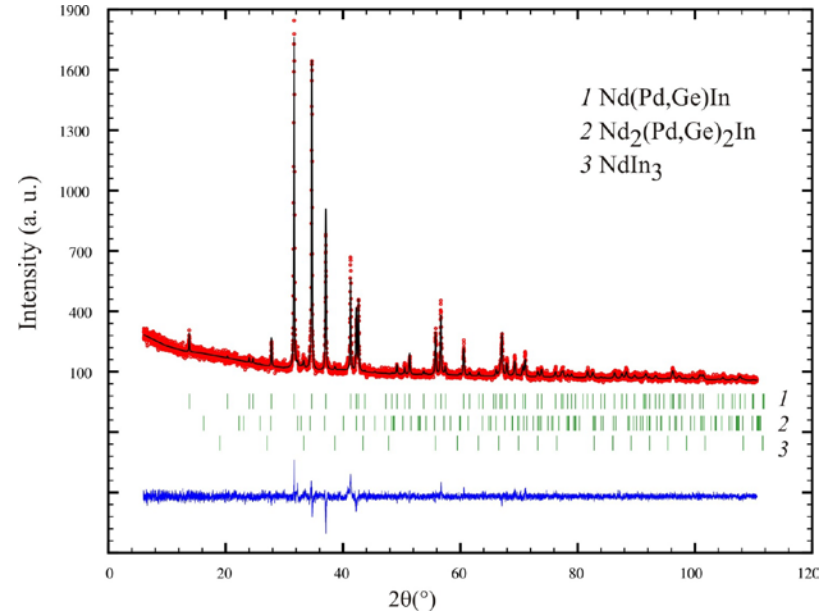
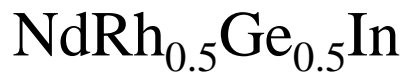
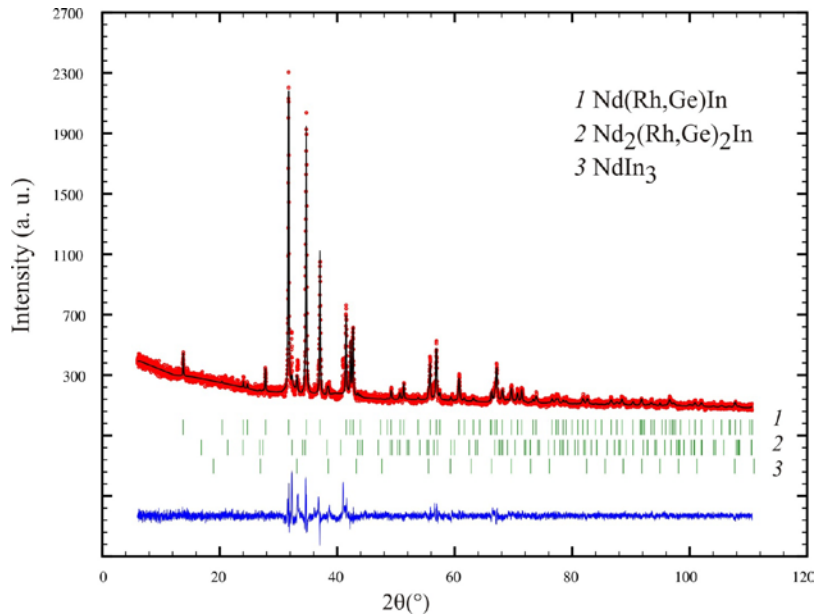


Fig. 1. X-ray diffraction patterns of samples.



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The limited solubility of Germanium in the NdRhIn and NdPdIn compounds and the existence of solid solutions with the ZrNiAl -type structure (space group $P-62m$) [1] were observed (Fig. 2).

The unit cell parameters for solid solutions were calculated [2]:

$\text{NdRh}_{1-0.5}\text{Ge}_{0.5}\text{In}$: $a = 0.7534\text{--}0.73139(7)$, $c = 0.4028\text{--}0.42944(4)$ nm,

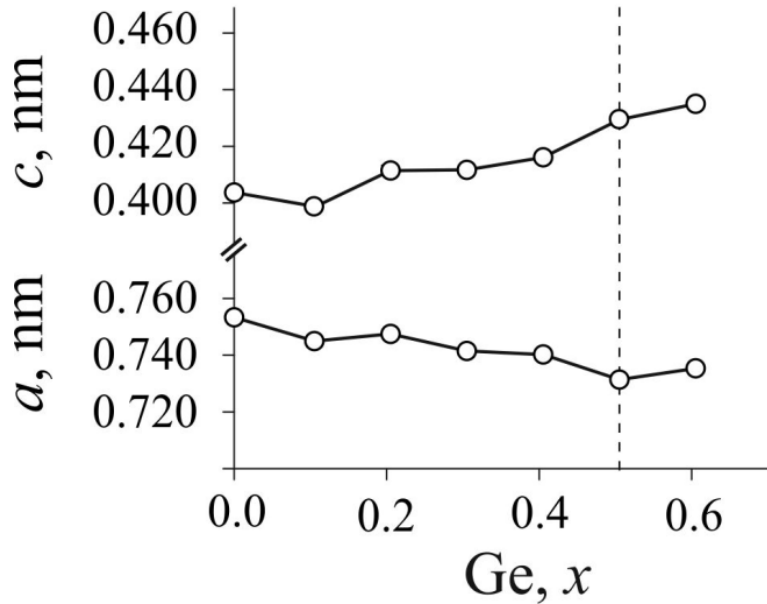
$\text{NdPd}_{1-0.5}\text{Ge}_{0.5}\text{In}$: $a = 0.76825\text{--}0.73367(6)$, $c = 0.40054\text{--}0.43309(4)$ nm.

[1] P. I. Kropyakevych, V. Ya. Markiv, E. V. Mel'nyk, *Dopov. ANURSR, Ser. A.* (1967) 750-753.

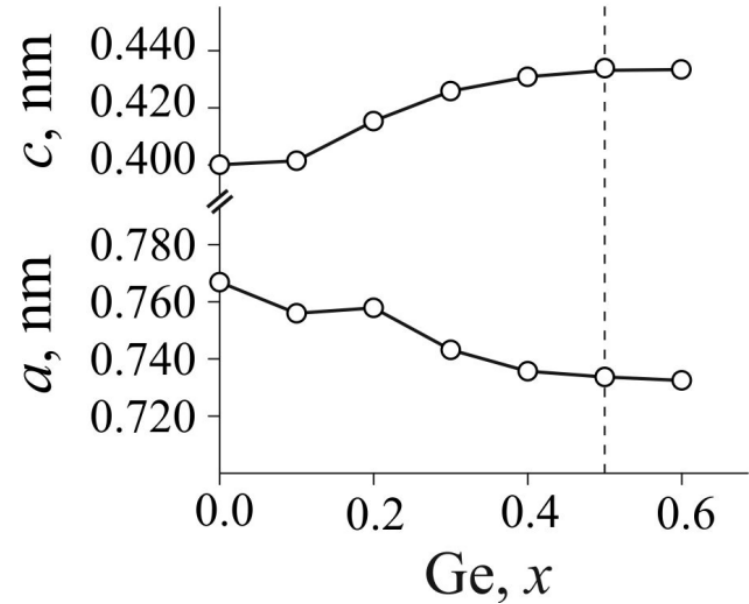
[2] J. Rodríguez-Carvajal, *Commission on Powder Diffraction (IUCr). Newsletter*, 26 (2001) 12-19.



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$\text{NdRh}_{1-x}\text{Ge}_x\text{In}$



$\text{NdPd}_{1-x}\text{Ge}_x\text{In}$

Fig. 2. Change of unit cell parameters in solid solutions



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The results of partial substitution of Rh atoms by Ge atoms were confirmed by single crystal X-ray analysis. The structure was solved and refined using programs from the SHELX-97 package [3].

$\text{NdRh}_{0.7}\text{Ge}_{0.3}\text{In}$ compound crystallizes with ZrNiAl-type structure ($P-62m$, $hP9$, $a = 0.74755(11)$, $c = 0.41886(8)$ nm, $R1 = 0.0183$ for 360 F^2 values, 16 variables, Table), which agrees well with the results of phase analysis and EDX data (JEOL 5900LV scanning electron microscope).



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Atomic and thermal displacement parameters
of $\text{NdRh}_{0.7}\text{Ge}_{0.3}\text{In}$ structure

Atom	Wyckoff position	x	y	z	U_{eq}
Nd	$3f$	0.58960(7)	0	0	0.0130(1)
In	$3g$	0.24508(7)	0	1/2	0.0127(1)
Rh	$1a$	0	0	0	0.0145(2)
M	$2d$	1/3	2/3	1/2	0.0123(4)
$M = 0.45(3) \text{ Ge} + 0.55(3) \text{ Rh}$					

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